

# Short trips, outings and excursions

### Planning and preparation

- Outings have a purpose with specific learning and development outcomes.
- The excursion does not go ahead if concerns are raised about its viability at any point.
- Parents are informed of an outing and staff check that consent forms on children's registration were signed. Parents opt in/out on short trips in the village (e.g to the park) when they complete their child's registration form.
- A minimum of two staff accompany children on outings. There is a ratio of 1 adult to 2 children at all times unless assessment shows a child needs 1:1 support.
- Children are specifically allocated to each member of staff/volunteer; they are responsible for supervising their designated children for the duration of the excursion.
- Parents on outings are responsible for their own children only.
- Parents who have undergone vetting as volunteers may be included in the ratio.
- A mobile phone belonging to the setting, and small first aid kit is taken out.
- Staff make sure they have water, plastic cups, spare nappies/change of clothes and wet wipes for the children going out appropriate to the length of time they are out for.
- Sun cream is applied as needed and children are clothed appropriately
- Staff have emergency contacts, medication and equipment needed for children.

#### Risk assessment

- Risk assessment is completed prior to the outing and signed off by the setting manager and all staff taking part. Existing risk assessments are reviewed/amended as required.
- Children with specific needs have a separate risk assessment if necessary.

#### **Outing venue (larger outings)**

Venues used regularly are 'risk assessed' and an initial pre-visit is made to look at the health and safety
aspects. If pre-visits cannot be made, risk assessment is achieved by calling the venue and asking for
their risk assessment.

### **Transport**

## Where transport is provided by the setting

Records are kept including insurance details and a list of named drivers.



- Drivers using their own transport should have adequate insurance cover.
- Each vehicle will take two members of staff and up to two children.

#### Farm and zoo visits

Staff are aware of the risks posed by infections such as E.coli being contracted from animals. They are also aware of toxic substances used on farms that could be hazardous to health. Staff are vigilant of the natural dangers presented by a farm or zoo visit and conduct a risk assessment prior to the visit.

- The venue is contacted in advance of the visit to ensure no recent outbreaks of E.coli or other infections.
  If there has been an outbreak the visit will be reviewed and may be postponed.
- Hands are washed and dried thoroughly after touching an animal.
- Nothing is consumed whilst going round the farm. Food is eaten away from animals, after thoroughly washing hands.
- Children are prevented from putting their faces against animals or hands in their own mouths.
- If animal droppings are touched, hands are washed and dried immediately.
- Shoes are cleaned and hands washed thoroughly as soon as possible on departure.
- Staff or volunteers who are or may be pregnant, should avoid contact with pregnant ewes and may want to consult their own GP before the visit.
- Farmers have a responsibility to ensure that hand washing and drying facilities are available and are suitably located, that picnic areas are separate and clean, and that all other health and safety laws are fully observed.

For further guidance, refer to the insurance provider.

#### **Further guidance**

Preventing Accidents to Children on Farms (Health and Safety Executive 2013)